Regional Cooperation for Limited Area Modeling in Central Europe



Data assimilation activities at CHMI

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Progress summary since last DAWD



- Fraction Skill Score tool comparing model to radar rainfall estimates + rain gauges over the Czech Republic
- High resolution atmospheric motion vectors were studied to validate the upgrade of NWC SAF - Alena's talk
- Radar data assimilation sensitivity test of reflectivity inversion to RH on number of profiles, size of the are were we search for the profiles and to sharpness of weight for the profiles - Suzana's talk
- New HPC NEC Aurora is operational















Operational Setup at CHMI



- ALARO NH-v1B cy43t2ag:
 - domain: $\triangle x$ 2.3km, 1069x853GP, time step 90s
 - 87 vertical levels, mean orography
 - 3h space consistency coupling ARPEGE synchronous
 - forecasts up to +72/+54h at 00, 06, 12 and 18 UTC
 - weak IDFI of short cut-off production analysis
- Upper air analysis BlendVar scheme
 - BlendVar = DF Blending (filter. at trunc. E102x81) followed by 3D-Var
 - 6h assim cycle, no IDFI in the next +6h assim guess
 - REDNMC=0.5, Ensemble Data Assimilation B matrix based on AEARP
 - \pm 1.5h assim window, VARBC 24h cycling
 - Assimilated observations: SYNOP (Ps), TEMP (t, q, u, v), AMDAR (t, u, v), SEVIRI (channels: 2,3), Mode-S MRAR CZ / Mode-S EHS from KNMI (t, u, v) HR-AMV, wind profiler (u,v), ASCAT
 - SIGMAO_COEF=.67, SIGMAO_COEF(AMDAR)=2.8, SIGMAO_COEF(RADIANCE)=1.15
- Surface analysis OI based on GTS SYNOP + national SYNOP (T2m, RH2m)
 - REF_A_(H2/T2)=40km

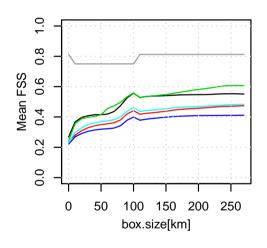


Fraction skill score



- FSS (Roberts & Lean, 2008) is computed for model rainfall forecast against radar rainfall estimates + rain gauges product (called Merge2) over the Czech Republic
- Program R used,
 - FSS algorithm from verification package optimized
 - Rfa is used to convert ALADIN Lambert projection to utm33.
- FSS for several box sizes and several precipitation thresholds
- The forecast is usefull when its FSS score is larger than FSS uniform
- We count useful forecasts and divide them by total number of forecast (usefull FSS)
- FSS for period is computed either by mean of daily FSS or by usefull FSS

Precipitation >=1mm/6h

















New HPC



- NEC SX-Aurora Tsubasa
- 48 computing nodes
- Each node: one AMD EPYC (Rome) EPYC 7402 processor (24 cores, 2.8 GHz clock rate and 512 GB RAM) + 8x NEC Aurora Vector Engines (8 cores, 1.6 GHz and 48GB RAM)
- peak performance 940.8 teraflops provided by 384 VEs, 3072 cores















Future Plans



- Increase BlendVar cycling frequency from 6h to 3h
- Extend use of existing observations:
 - radar data
 - radiances from polar satellites, eventually GNSS data.















Thank you for your attention!















References

