

# **SURFEX activities at ZAMG**

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# Overview



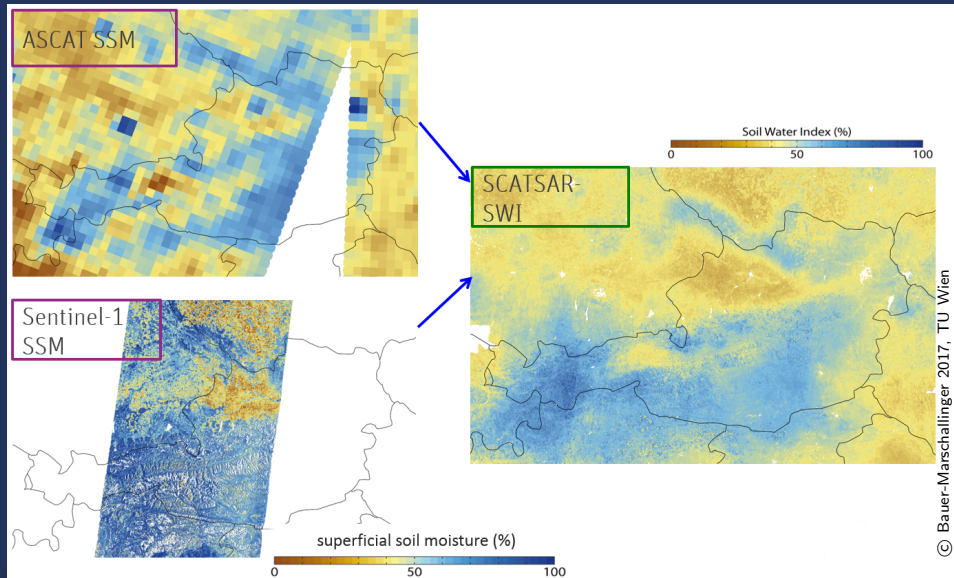
- ▷ Soil moisture assimilation
  - Multiple soil layers
  - Variable observation error
  - Higher spatial resolution
  
- ▷ Temperature assimilation
  - 2m temperature
  - Land surface temperature

## Soil moisture assimilation – multiple layers



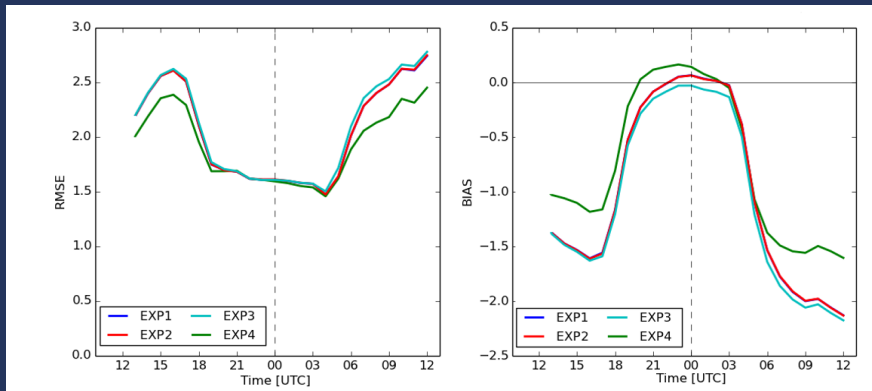
- SURFEX:**
- ▷ 8.1, sEKF assimilation
  - ▷ + WG 3-6 as OBS, WG 3-6 as CTRL
- MODEL:**
- ▷ AROME CY40T1 + SURFEX 7.3
  - ▷ 2.5 km grid, 90 layers
- DATA:**
- ▷ SCATSAR-SWI: combined Sentinel-1 SAR & MetOP ASCAT
  - ▷ spatial resolution: 1 km
  - ▷ temporal resolution: 1 day (12UTC)
  - ▷ Copernicus product starting in autumn 2018

# SCATSAR-SWI



# Verification

T2M against flatland SYNOP stations in Austria (May-June 2016)



EXP1=Reference

EXP2

EXP3

EXP4

OBS

WG1

WG1

WG1-6

CTRL

WG1

WG1-6

WG1-6

# Verification



- ▷ Significant\* improvement for T2M and RH2M in flatlands
  - ← Short-range (up to +24h) forecasts
  - ← If all data are assimilated, non-significant otherwise
- ▷ No clear trend for mid-range mountains
- ▷ No impact (nothing to assimilate) for mountain stations
- ▷ No impact for precipitation forecasts

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\*Mann-Whitney-Wilcoxon

# Observation error



- SURFEX:
- ▷ 8.1, sEKF assimilation
  - ▷ + XERROBS for each grid point can be read from file
- MODEL:
- ▷ AROME CY40T1 + SURFEX 7.3
  - ▷ 2.5 km grid (259x133), 90 layers, time step 50 s
- DATA:
- ▷ SCATSAR-SWI
  - ▷ spatial resolution: 1 km
  - ▷ temporal resolution: 1 day

# Random errors



- ▷ Standard setup: constant observation error over whole domain
- ⇒ Kalman gain

$$K' = P_k H_k^T (H_k P_k H_k^T + R_k)^{-1}$$



# Random errors



- ▶ Standard setup: constant observation error over whole domain  
⇒ Kalman gain

$$\mathbf{K}' = \mathbf{P}_k \mathbf{H}_k^T (\mathbf{H}_k \mathbf{P}_k \mathbf{H}_k^T + \mathbf{R}_k)^{-1}$$

- ▶ Approach: estimate random error for each grid point with Triple Collocation Analysis (Stoffelen 1998)

$$\left( \Theta_i = \alpha_i + \beta_i \Theta + \epsilon_i \right)_{i=1,2,3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{\epsilon_i}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{R}$$

# Triple Collocation Analysis



Assumptions (cf. Gruber et al. 2016):

- ▷ Signal stationarity
- ▷ Error stationarity
- ▷ Independency between  $\Theta$  and  $\epsilon$
- ▷ Zero error cross-correlation

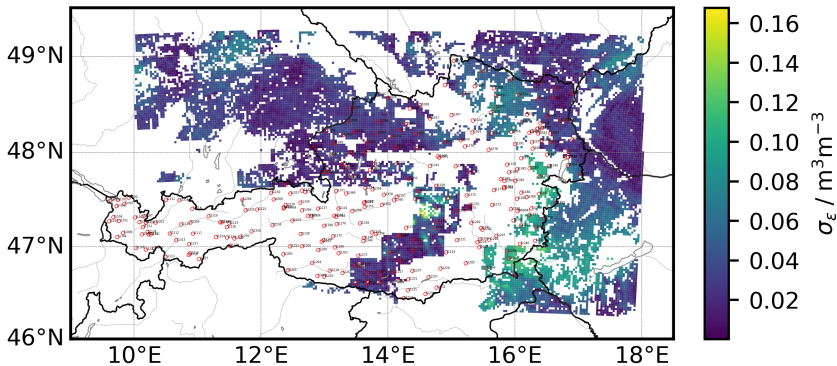
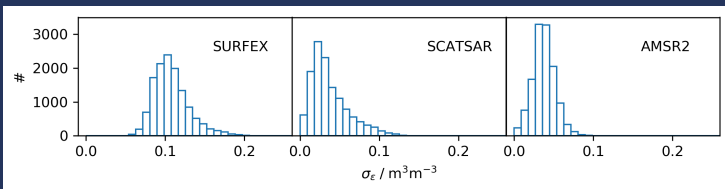
# Triple Collocation Analysis



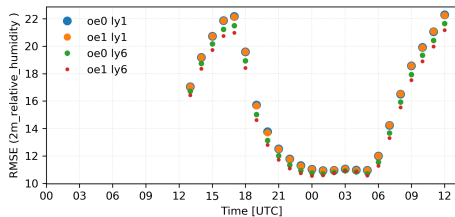
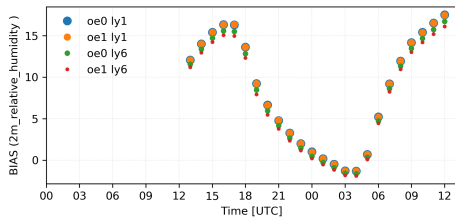
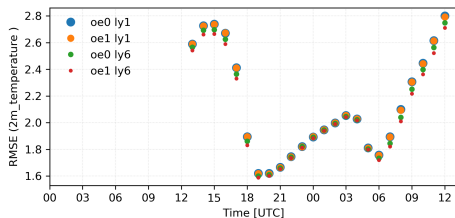
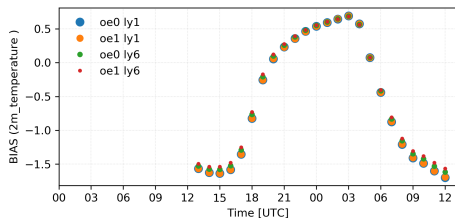
Assumptions (cf. Gruber et al. 2016):

- ▷ Signal stationarity → data sets measure same seasonal patterns
- ▷ Error stationarity → long data samples
- ▷ Independency between  $\Theta$  and  $\epsilon$  → effects negligible
- ▷ Zero error cross-correlation
  - different type of observations:
    - SCATSAR (active satellite data)
    - AMSR2 (passive satellite data)
    - SURFEX model as reference

# Triple Collocation Analysis



# Verification (Austrian SYNOP stations, May 2016)



Slight improvement from constant (oe0) to variable (oe1) observation error and from WG 1 (ly1) to WG 1-6 (ly6) assimilation

# High resolution



SURFEX:   ▷ 8.1, sEKF assimilation

MODEL:   ▷ AROME CY40T1 + SURFEX 7.3

▷ 1.25 km grid (529x259), 90 layers, time step 30 s

DATA:   ▷ SCATSAR-SWI

▷ spatial resolution: 1 km

▷ temporal resolution: 1 day

# High resolution



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problematic wind speeds  $\Rightarrow$  adapt model dynamics

## 2m temperature

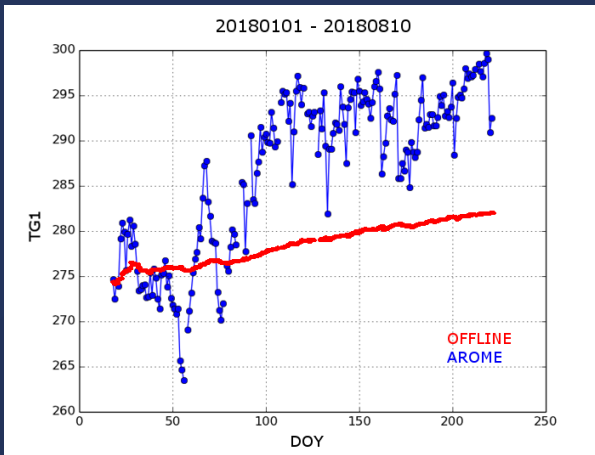


- SURFEX:**
- ▷ 8.1, sEKF assimilation
  - ▷ + TS as OBS, TG 2-8 as CTRL
  - ▷ + WGI 1-8 as CTRL
  - ▷ + WG 7-8 as OBS, WG 7-8 as CTRL
- MODEL:**
- ▷ AROME CY40T1 + SURFEX 7.3
  - ▷ 2.5 km grid, 90 layers
- DATA:**
- ▷ INCA analyses
  - ▷ spatial resolution: 1 km
  - ▷ temporal resolution: 1 hour
  - ▷ different model topography than in AROME/SURFEX



## Long-term test

Grid point in Marchfeld (between Wien and Bratislava):



Long-term test runs into problems: soil too cold

# Land surface temperature



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MODEL:   ▷ AROME CY40T1 + SURFEX 7.3

▷ 2.5 km grid, 90 layers

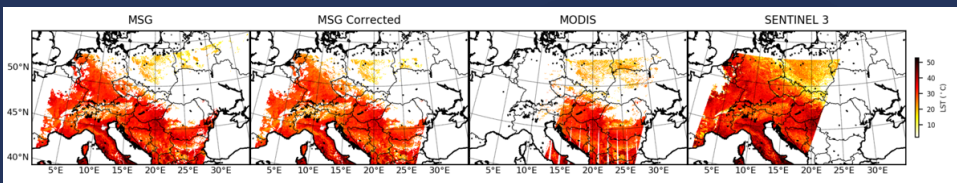
DATA:   ▷ combined Sentinel-3 and MSG data

▷ spatial resolution: 1 km / 4 km

▷ temporal resolution:  $\approx$  6 days / 15 min

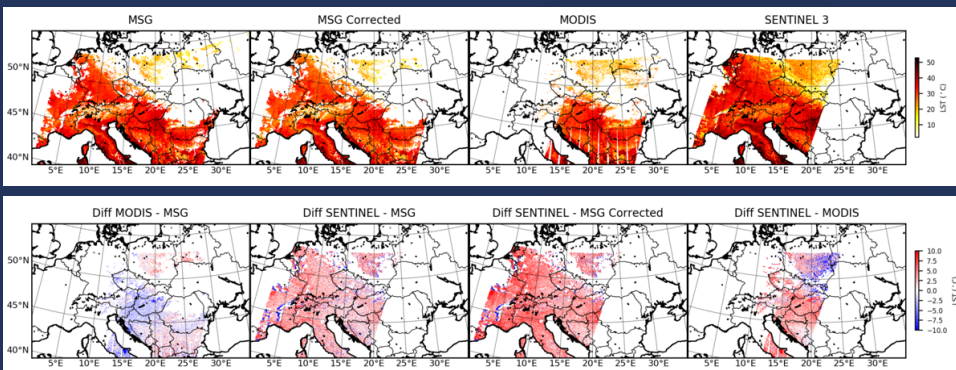
# CDFmatching

Apply the 1 km pattern of Sentinel 3 / MODIS to MSG LST



# CDFmatching

Apply the 1 km pattern of Sentinel 3 / MODIS to MSG LST



Differences larger than expected  $\Rightarrow$  quality flags?

## Summary & Outlook



- Soil moisture assimilation:
  - ▷ improvement in flatlands  
⇒ publish results
- Variable observation error:
  - ▷ slight improvement  
⇒ improve calculations
- 1.25 km resolution:
  - ▷ running...
- 2m temperature:
  - ▷ soil too cold on the long term  
⇒ understand problems
- Land surface temperature:
  - ▷ data quality?  
⇒ test & improve

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- Soil moisture assimilation:   ▷ improvement in flatlands  
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- 2m temperature:               ▷ soil too cold on the long term  
  ⇒ understand problems
- Land surface temperature:   ▷ data quality?  
  ⇒ test & improve
- Build up operational system at ZAMG & compare with operational AROME (CY40T1/SURFEX7.3 with CANARI T2M, HU2M)
- 100 m SM analyses for Austria (new externally funded project)
- Upgrade to CY43